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**Organisation:** N/A

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**Location:** New South Wales

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**Supporting materials uploaded:** N/A

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**Topic 1. Sustainability of current and future forestry operations in NSW**

We are at a tipping point in nature and not only need strong nature laws but need to protect native forest as these have been continued to be logged and this is totally avoidable  
This needs to stop  
So much wild life and native species need the biodiversity that remains. We cannot risk any further degrading of the forest that remains now.

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**Topic 2. Environmental and cultural values of forests, including threatened species and Aboriginal cultural heritage values**

Aboriginal culture has deep connection with country and the bush . Colonialism has devastated that culture. We need to reverse the trend of ignorance of culture and learn again the lessons that were known of totems - species which have a significant value culturally, social life and as well the medicinal properties of so mant native plants . Our loss will be irreparable if we loose more native forest

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**Topic 3. Demand for timber products, particularly as relates to NSW housing, construction, mining, transport and retail**

We have the technology now to recycle and reused- the circular economy needs to be scaled up and the demand for housing is an opportunity to deliver goods that use of recycled and alternative products . Our investment should be focused on growing that jndustry

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**Topic 4. The future of softwood and hardwood plantations and the continuation of Private Native Forestry in helping meet timber supply needs**

We have plantation forest but should not expand these. We need to totally rethink our use of timber in our building and construction. We have already found ways to recycle plastics and need to grow that industry

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**Topic 5. The role of State Forests in maximising the delivery of a range of environmental, economic and social outcomes and options for diverse management, including Aboriginal forest management models**

Aboriginal management of the bush has been proven to mitigate the environmental dangers of bush fires - Adopting these techniques should now be mandatory .  
We know that nature, the bush and forests provides an important part in human mental health . Promotion of nature walks and education of the forests , knowledge of the bush and flora and wildlife should be an integral part of forest management.

**Topic 6. Opportunities to realise carbon and biodiversity benefits and support carbon and biodiversity markets, and mitigate and adapt to climate change risks, including the greenhouse gas emission impacts of different uses of forests and assessment of climate change risks to forests**

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We are experiencing a climate crisis- Any logging in native forests releases large amounts of carbon, and add to climate change.

Already logging has continued despite calls against and knowing the importance of carbon storage that they have has been ignored

We need health forest - these mitigate wild bush fires

- Stopping logging allows forests to recover, helping them store more carbon and support climate goals.

- By stopping logging, forests can play a large role in mitigating climate risks and supporting opportunities in carbon markets.