11

NORTH CRONULLA & WOOLOOWARE PRECINCT COMMITTEE INC CRONULLA RESIDENTS

9th April 2018

Mr Peter Duncan AM (chair), Dr Maurice Evans and Mr Paul Forward. Independent Planning Commission Meeting

RE: Woolooware Bay Town Centre Concept Plan Modification Request (MP 10_0229 MOD 2) and Project Approval Modification Request (MP 10_0230 MOD 6)

The North Cronulla and Woolooware Precinct Committee wishes to make comments on the **Environmental Assessment Report of March 2018** where the State Government has approved, subject to this public meeting and the Panels final report, the building of another 244 home units and a 75 room hotel, plus other buildings, to be constructed on the top of the Retail Club development on the Eastern side.

We speak for the local residents who are already detrimentally affected by this so called "Town Centre" which we consider is incorrectly located in an area set aside for green space, sporting and recreation, in a flood plain area adjoining a Ramsar protected wetland.

1 Town Centre definition. The site of the Sharks football club grounds, surrounded by sporting, educational and industrial uses, has no capacity for it to expand into a "town centre" and should be considered as a "village".

Nearby Caringbah, a central business district with a rail and bus network to surrounding suburbs, including Woolooware, with two shopping centres, strip shopping and other sites suitable for retail and services expansion, would be a far better "town centre" location. Caringbah badly needs rejuvenation.

2 "Town Centre" located in a Flooding area



A sign outside the Sharks development says 'FLOOD WARNING, Captain Cook Drive can be subject to flash flooding which is highly hazardous. Do not drive or wade through floodwater if they have reached the front of this property".

Attachment 1 - The 2014 report by Sutherland Shire Council, the "Woolooware Bay Catchment Flood Study" clearly indicates the area is a flood zone. Map from this report, (figure 29) shows the red area of a floodway through and around the site.

3 Inaccuracies in the report regarding distance from stations.

The Environmental Assessment Report has some disturbing inaccuracies in distances from transport and the Sydney CBD. The Dept has been dealing with this development for over 6 years from the 2012 original concept approval. To have these highly misleading errors in the Report is astounding as decisions are made on the information in these reports.

- 3a In 1.2 the Site is described as "located approximately 20 kilometres from the Sydney CBD".
 - Attachment 2 map shows it is 28.2 kilometres by the shortest route and takes 35 minutes to 1 hour 15 minutes to reach the city. This is a 41% error in the distance by road.
- 3b In 1.2 the report states that the site is located 900 metres from Woolooware Train Station.
 - Attachment 3 shows Woolooware station is 1.4ks by shortest route taking 19 minutes. This is a 56% error in the distance to walk.
- 3c In 1.2 the report states that the site is located 1.5 ks from Caringbah Train Station.

Attachment 4 shows Woolooware station is 2.6 ks by shortest route taking 33 minutes. This is a 73% error in the distance to walk or drive.

Note: The PAC report of 2012 describes more correctly the distance from Woolooware residential west side as 1.5 ks. Is the Government trying to hide that the area is 28 kilometres from the CBD, not "approximately 20 ks", and that walking distances to the nearest station is 1.5ks, not "900 metres".

This misleading information is the basis of many decisions, including whether it is a **Town Centre or not**, car spaces and parking availability, whether to allow for higher levels car ownership in outlying areas, and walking distances to transport.

4 PARKING

The Eastern development has increased in Gross Building Area (GBA) by 168% and Gross Floor Area (GFA) by 146% from the PAC Concept Approval in 2012. Car parking has increased by 12%.

CHANGES IN SIZE OF DEVELOPMENT	2012	Oct-17		
	PAC APPROVAL	MODIFICATION	INCREASE	INCREASE
	SM	TOTAL SM	SM	%
MAX BLDG AREA				
WESTERN (RESIDENTIAL)	104,419	115,402	10,983	11%
EASTERN (RETAIL/CLUB/UNITS/HOTEL)	50,991	136,857	85,866	168%
	155,410	252,259	96,849	62%
GROSS FLOOR AREA				
WESTERN (RESIDENTIAL)	58,420	61,370	2,950	5%
EASTERN (RETAIL/CLUB/UNITS/HOTEL)	26,495	65,307	38,812	146%
	84,915	126,677	41,762	49%
	SPACES	SPACES	SPACES	
CAR SPACES	883	1,080	197	22%
WESTERN (RESIDENTIAL)	770	770		0%
EASTERN (RETAIL/CLUB/UNITS/HOTEL)	1,653	1,850	197	12%

4a Inadequate parking rate allowed by the Dept

The report shows the NSW Planning Dept will not budge from its 1 car space per 2 bedroom unit position.



The area is 28ks from CBD Sydney. 2 maps below shows the major roads connecting Cronulla to the rest of Sydney, and which a person located at the Woolooware site may have to drive to work.

There is no direct transport to most locations other than the city, and cars become the only available and practical method of getting to work.

The roads to get to the west, southwest and north west are blocked by large areas of military land, and national parks. On many occasions we have stated that this areas is car

dependent.

4/7/2018

Google Map

Google Maps



1/1

We have prepared a detailed spreadsheet for the Panel on distances by road, by public transport and by bicycle to selected business and industrial centres in Sydney where people travel to work. They range from areas in the Shire to areas in the Southwest, northwest, west, east south and to universities and a hospital.

ON A MONDAY MORNING LEAVING SHARKS AT 7.30AM

Some examples within the Shire, **Illawong shopping centre** takes an average of **34** minutes to drive, but **74** minutes by public transport of bus and bus. Cycling time is **75** minutes.

Menai Industrial area in Old Illawarra Rd is average **27** minutes to drive from Sharks development, **54** minutes by public transport and **59** minutes to cycle.

Further afield to **Moorebank** industrial area, it takes an average of **47**.5 minutes by car. Public transport requiring a Bus, Train 1, train 2, bus and walk takes **115** minutes with cycling **106** minutes.

Wetherill Park takes 75 minutes by car average, 137 minutes (2 hours 17 minutes one way) by public transport, where you take a bus, train, train, bus and walk. Cycling was 162 minutes or 2 hours 42 minutes.

Albion Park industrial area in the south has 78 minutes driving, but 220 minutes (3 hours 40 minutes one way) by public transport with a Bus, Train, Train, Bus and walk. Cycling was 307 minutes (5 hours 7 minutes). Heaven forbid if you miss one of these connections!

Finally to **Prince of Wales hospital** we have **55** minutes drive time, **101** public transport with a bus train bus and **96** minutes cycle time.

If you work shift work, you must have a car. If you are a shift worker at Kurnell refinery, there are no buses to Kurnell after 6.20pm and they don't start running until after 6am next day. If you worked at Prince of Wales hospital night shift, you wouldn't fancy 106 minutes in public transport late at night and back again early morning. Riding a bike at night would not be an attractive or safe option over distances.

Unlike mentioned in the Report, this is an area that is not served by public transport unless you are travelling to the CBD. **This spread sheet proves it is one of the worst areas in Sydney for a public transport network**.

4b Unit prices require two salaries to pay off for younger purchasers.

The prices of a 2 bedroom unit at the Sharks development is around \$800,000. If the home owner/s put in 200,000 deposit, the mortgage would be around \$800 per week, needing two incomes to pay it off.

2 working people at this site need two cars as we have proven with the previous point with the distances to travel.

4c Car ownership greater in outlying areas

Attachment 5 shows the a map of Sydney, with car ownership rates increasing the further you are away from Sydney. The survey measured "motor vehicle ownership as motor vehicles per 100 persons in private occupied dwellings". The graph indicates a high ratio close to 1 car to 1 person in a private dwelling in outer areas of 'Sydney.

10	ADDRESS	CARKS	CARTIME	CARTIME	CAR TIME	PUB TRANS	P/TR TIME	INCR TIME	BIKE TIME	INCTIME	
TIME 7.30AM MONDAY				_	AVER MIN	WALK/BUS/TRAIN	_	PUB TTO CAR	_	BIKE TO CAR	
TO SHIPE () OCAL LOCATIONS	V N										
MENAI	814 OLD ILLAWARRA RD	15.2	18		26.5	W/T/8	54	20	204% 59	223%	9
ILLAWONG	289 FOWLER RD	19.7		45		W/8/B	74	214%			\s\p_
ENGADINE	5 PRESTON AVE	15.3					54	22		2 10	y <u>o</u>
KIRRAWEE	444 THE BOULEVARDE	7.5			16	W/B/T/W	47	29			y e
KURNELL	28 SIR JOSEPH BANKS DRIVE	7.7	, 10		10	B/B/W	20	200%	24	240%	*to Kurnell first bus for day at 7.40am following buses to Kurnell took 29 to 36 mins
KINGSGROVE	26 COMMERCIAL RD	15.3	3 22	40	31	B/T/T	79	22	255% 56	181%	
TO SOUTH WEST											
MOOREBANK	68 Stockton Ave	29.8				B/T/T/B/W	115	24	242% 106		y e
BANKSTOWN	233 MILPERRA RD	24.3			47.5	B/T/B/B/W	104	21	219% 85	ŀ	
LIVERPOOL	12 HOMEPRIDE AVE	34.6		75	55	B/T/T/W	122	22			% *alternate 7.30am was 2h48m
SMEATON GRANGE	43 DUNN RD	52.3				B/T/T/T/B/B	154	22		į.	**
PRESTON GREENACRE	1 KURRAJONG RD 112 HUME HIGHWAY	32.9	35 35	65	502	8/T/T/8 8/8/8	113	77	226% 115 212% 88	230%	% %
									561		
BAULKHAM HILLS	CENTURY CIRCUIT	73.2	5 65	120	92.5	8/T/B/W	133	14	144% 188	203%	%
TOWEST			i					W.			
WETHERILL PARK	490 VICTORIA ST	45.6	5 50	100	75	8/T/T/8/W	137	18	183% 162		99
BLACKTOWN	61 NEWTON RD	61.3				8/T/T/W	115	13			% %
PARRAMATTA	39 SMITH ST	34.5	5 50	110	80	B/T/T/W	101	12	-		%
LEICHARDT	711 PARRAMATTA RD	23.6	5 40	85	62.5	8/T/T/W	87	13	139% 88	141%	%
TO EAST						0					
MASCOT	12 SARAH ST	18.7	7 28		3 46.5	8/T/T/W	81	17	174% 69	148%	%
BOTANY	1901 BOTANY RD	21.4					112	25	255% 77	175%	%
RANDWICK	POW HOSPITAL	24.5		5 75	55		101	82	184% 96	175%	8
то ѕоитн							026	9,	207	30692	3
ALBION PARK	11 SHABAN SI	84.5					163	27			2 8
PORT KEMBLA	47 FIVE ISLANDS RD	10.7			21	8/1/1/8/W	17	22			2 29
HEALINGUIE	INVESTIGATOR DRIVE	68.5	55	80	9		156	23			92
TO I INIVERSITIES						A.C. Carlonnella and A.C. Carl					
SYDNEY UNIVERSITY		21,3			9	B/T/W	75	12	125% 83	138%	ж
UNIVERSITY NSW		23	3 35	5 70	52.5	8/T/W	96	31	183% 91	173%	%
					1366	10	2706	19	198% 3088	3 226%	*
AVERAGE OF 26 SITES					ES		104		119		
SHIFTWORKERS				ĺ							
KURNELL	NO BUSES 6.20PM TO 6AM	8.7	7 10	10	0 10	NONE	NONE				
RANDWICK	POW HOSPITAL	24.5			37.5	T/8/W	106		96	(8)	
24 25 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36				DINGING AND	TOTAL STORY	T DIVE DIDEC					

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We contend NSW Govt should lift the parking rate for outlying areas when there is no transport interconnection directly to work areas surrounding the location say within 30ks radiating around the proposed site.

This is an outlying development at the b at the end of a train line going to Sydney with no significant direct **public transport in any other direction**.

Impact of parking shortages on playing fields and local residents
The site is on Captain Cook Drive with no parking permitted. With only 2 blocks of units inhabited, the body corporate of the occupied units submitted recently against more units being constructed on the Eastern side because the current parking situation was already very difficult.

The ability of local parents and children to attend sporting activities at the fields adjoining and across the road from the development, is already significantly affected. When all the blocks on the west side are completed, and if a further three apartment blocks on the east, plus hotel and other buildings are constructed, this will become seriously worse.

SUMMARY

With all these factors, car parking should be 2 spaces for a 2 bedroom unit for an outlying site 28ks from the CBD. This would help exacerbate serious stress for home owners in the development and their neighbours in the Woolooware area.

<u>5 NO DISABLED PARKING ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE BUILDINGS TO DATE.</u> This has been ignored in the report.

A driver picking up a disabled resident from the Western Precinct complained to a precinct member that they had to park illegally to pick up the resident as there was no disabled parking outside the building.

Disabled pick up/parking spaces would need to be provided at each building in the new Eastern development (and of course provided for the existing Western blocks).

6 BICYCLE OPTION

Noted the developer is assisting in funding bicycle paths to the station. The last Census showed 81 per cent of the population rely on a private car for at least part of the journey to a workplace destination with the balance being train, tram, bus and ferry. **Riding a bike was 1.4%.**

Safety would improve when a special bike path is built sometime in the future but the low percentage of bike riders to a station would limit this as a volume transport solution to Woolooware station. To ride across Sydney to work by bicycle is hazardous and a lengthy journey as we have seen.

Even just riding to Woolooware Station is dangerous with many narrow streets heavily parked on both sides. The streets are too narrow for a bus service to Woolooware station on the northern side.

Attachment 6 Police report of bicyclists run down by car at crossing outside development

Already there has been an accident at the pedestrian crossing outside Sharks, seriously injuring a man and woman bike riders crossing the pedestrian crossing. They were run down, and have been in hospital for weeks with serious injuries. The man is a resident of Sharks

development and the woman rode to Sharks where they had the intention of riding to Cronulla together. The accident happened on 28th February 2018 and have heard the woman is still in hospital.

7 DENSITY OF THE DEVELOPMENT HIGHER THAN WOLLI CREEK

The population of Wolli Creek is 6,843 (2016 ABS ERP), the land area is 67 hectares, and population density is **102.76 persons per hectare**. https://profile.id.com.au/s_wollicreek/population-density

Attachment 7 shows print out on estimated resident population at Wolli Creek 2016.

The estimated number of people per hectare at Woolooware Shores is **267 people per hectare**!! 262% higher than Wolli Creek. Wolli Creek has a train station right in the midst of the units.

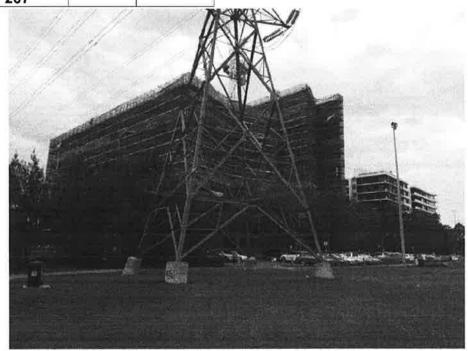
The table below shows the calculation assumptions. This is an **overdeveloped site** with serious **shortages** in **parking for residents**, which could lead to **violence and poor behaviour** triggered by the density of people and the conflicts which will arise over parking shortages on site. We must remember unlike in other suburban areas there is no street parking on Captain Cook Drive.

WOOLOOWARE SHORES EST PEOPLE PER HECTARE				
units/hotel rooms	Est occupation p/unit	Est people	Hectares	
643	2	1286	3.3	
244	1.5	366	3.3	
75	1.5	112		
962		1764	6.6	
people per ha	267			

8 POWER LINES

In any pictures of the development, the power lines across the front to the development are deleted.

Powerlines represent a risk to health and safety. We would like to see them moved to underground locations at the developers cost.



9 OBJECTION TO DEVELOPERS "REDUCTION" IN SIZE AND BULK

5.3.1 in the Report states they have reduced the height of building B by one storey to 15, and increased the height of Building C by one storey to 12 storeys. In building C and E the developer has increased the heights to allow for affordable housing and hotel parking.

These indiscernible changes do not reduce the effect of the huge size and bulk of the development to the community. The extra 244 units should not be approved, and this would somewhat bring down the size and bulk of the development to what PAC approved many years ago.

10 OBJECTION - NOT A MODIFICATION - A NEW DA REQUIRED

The Proposed changes are NOT A MODIFICATION but are so significant that they require a new DA.

The Department notes that there are new uses on the site, huge increases in size and density, but it is **still not considered a new DA is required**.

One wonders in what circumstances would the Dept require a new DA? Could they confirm that there will be no further attempts at changes under Part 3A by making the cut off date of 1 March 2018 absolutely firm.

11 OBJECTION - TRAFFIC

It is difficult to believe that the added units, hotel and other buildings on the club retail site wont add to traffic congestion'.

12 OBJECTION – MINIMAL AFFORDABLE HOUSING

Affordable rentals are appreciated but the small number of 12 units out of 887 units is only **1.4% of the total units on the west and east side**, and will only cost the developer 20% discount off the market rental for 10 years.

Also another 1.4% of units would be sold with a smaller deposit, ie 5%, but the first homeowner still has to borrow 95% and pay a larger amount repayments. **The overall price is not lowered.**

13 OBJECTION REDUCTION OF HOTEL ROOMS.

Precinct does not object to the construction of the hotel as it is needed infrastructure. However already the rooms have been reduced from 125 rooms to 75 rooms with the balance converted to residential units. **Hotel rooms are now only 60**% of what was planned a short time ago.

What is the requirement for hotel rooms in the area according to Council and the Dept of Planning?

Can Council and the Department determine the number required, and ensure the developer builds the required number of rooms. Further the developer cannot reduce the hotel rooms and convert the space to apartments/rooms to sell off.

SUMMARY

This community is against the increase in number of units, as it can see major problems in store for the area which are already apparent to those that live here.

We want to ensure from this submission that the Department rethinks the number of car spaces for residents, in particular 2 bedroom units to have 2 spaces, not 1.

Our Council has pointed many concerns to the Dept as has the many local objectors. We don't feel we are being listened to, and in effect the Report we are discussing is mainly an approval with some minor adjustments that don't affect the development's overdevelopment.

We would like PAC to stop the extra units going ahead and add Level/s of car parks to alleviate the shortage for the existing residents. Also review the number of rooms for the Hotel to ensure it meets Council requirements for the local needs. The development is obviously hugely over what PAC approved as a maximum in 2012.

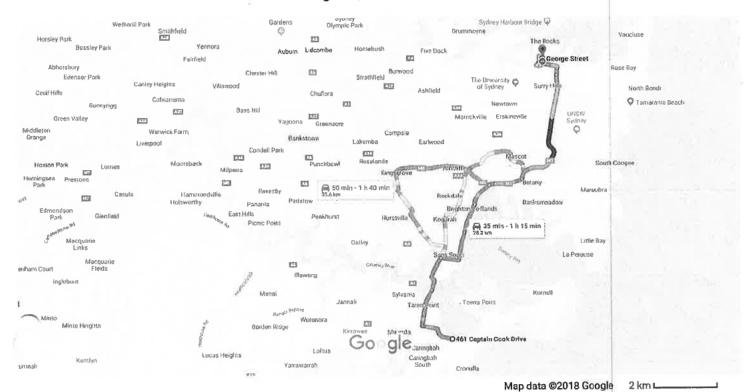
We hope PAC will he	ear and act on our concerns.	
Kerry Coomes President	Marilyn Urch Secretary	
North Cronulla & Wo	polooware Precinct inc. Cronulla R	esidents (NCPC)

Httoch FIGURE 29
PRELIMINARY HYDRAULIC CATEGORIES
PMF EVENT Hydraulic Categorisation Flood Storage Flood Fringe Study Area Floodway WEOLOGWARE BAY



Google Maps

461 Captain Cook Dr, Woolooware Drive 28.2 km, 35 min - 1 h 15 min NSW 2230 to George St, New South Wales



via M1

typically 35 min - 1 h 15 min

Arrive around 9:10 AM 28.2 km

via Rocky Point Rd and M1

typically 45 min - 1 h 40 min

Arrive around 9:35 AM

30.5 km

via M5 and M1

typically 50 min - 1 h 40 min Arrive around 9:35 AM

35.6 km



1.9 km



461 Captain Cook Dr, Woolooware NSW 2230 to Woolooware Station, Woolooware NSW 2230

Walk 1.4 km, 19 min



All routes are mostly flat





461 Captain Cook Dr, Woolooware NSW 2230 to Caringbah Station, Caringbah NSW 2229

Walk 2.6 km, 33 min /



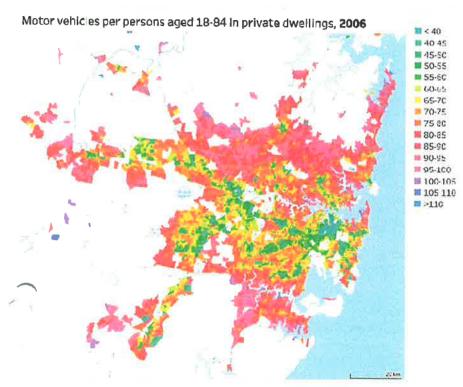
ŕ	via Captain Cook Dr and Carabella Rd	33 min 2.6 km
۴	via Denman Ave	34 min 2.6 km

via Woolooware Rd and Denman Ave
41 min
3.1 km

All routes are mostly flat

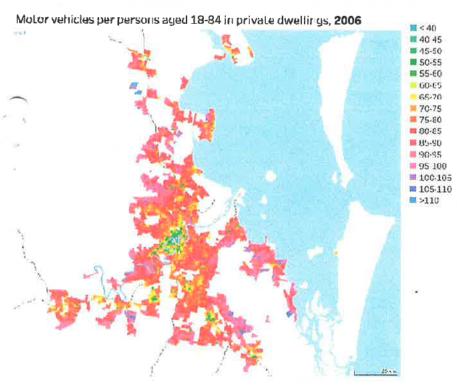
To help see the changes in motor vehicle ownership between censuses more easily, I've prepared the following detailed animations.

Sydney



(https://chartingtransport.files.wordpress.com/2017/09/sydney-mv-per-aged-18-84-2006-20162.gif)

Brisbane

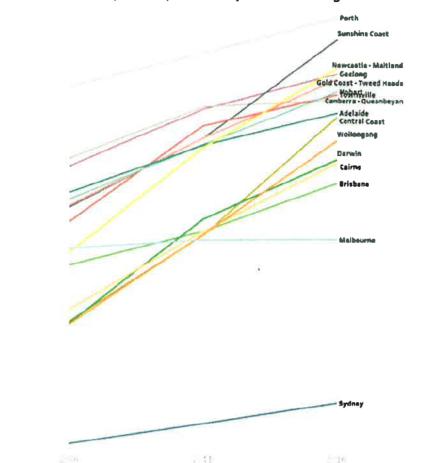


(https://chartingtransport.files.wordpress.com/2017/09/brisbane-mv-per-aged-18-84-2006-20162.gif)

100 persons

vehicles per

Motor vehicles per 100 persons in private dwellings



(https://chartingtransport.files.wordpress.com/2017/09/mv-per-capita-2006-20161.png)

(you can explore this data in <u>Tableau</u> (https://public.tableau.com/views/Censusmotorvehicleownership200620112016/MVper100personscity1

Sydney unsurprisingly has the lowest average motor vehicle ownership, followed by Melbourne, Brisbane (Australia's third biggest city), and then Cairns and Darwin. Perth was well on top, with Sunshine Coach rapidly increasing to claim second place. Most of the rest were around 66-68 motor vehicles per 100 persons in 2016.

t Melbourne is showing a very different trend to most other cities, with hardly any increase in nership rate across the ten years (also, Canberra-Queanbeyan saw very little growth between 2011 and 2016).

At first I wondered whether Melbourne was a data error. However, I did the one data extract for all cities for both population and motor vehicle responses, and I've also checked for any potential duplicate SA1s. So I'm confident something very different is happening in Melbourne.

So let's have a look at Melbourne in more spatial detail, starting with maximum detail over time:



Sydney to Singapore

the and the excess rock it by Suply, France subject to Temper,

\$646*

Click

Why not in Leader?

- 1. Home
- 2. News
- 3. Local News

February 28 2018 - 8:50AM

Two pedestrians hit by a car at Woolooware

Local News

- SHARE
- TWEET
- Comments



Two pedestrians were hit by a car at Woolooware this morning.

Emergency services were called to the intersection of Captain Cook Drive and Woolooware Road about 7.15am following reports a man and a woman walking their bicycles across the road had been struck by a car.

They both suffered leg injuries and have been taken to St George Hospital.

The driver stopped following the crash and will undergo mandatory blood and urine tests.

There have been traffic delays as a result of the crash with diversions in place.

Police are urging anyone with information in relation to this incident to call Crime Stoppers on 1800 333 000.

Wolli Creek

About the profile areas

The 2016 Estimated Resident Population for Wolli Creek is 6,843, with a population density of 102.76 persons per hectare.

Location and boundaries

The suburb of Wolli Creek is bounded by Wolli Creek in the north, the Cooks River and Marsh Street in the east, a line running between Flora Street and Innesdale Road, Innesdale Road, the Princes Highway and Burrows Street in the south, and Arnoliffe Street, Thompson Street and the pipeline in the west.

Name origin

Wolli Creek is named after the creek at its northern border.

Statistics

Population

6.843

2016 ABS ERP

Land area

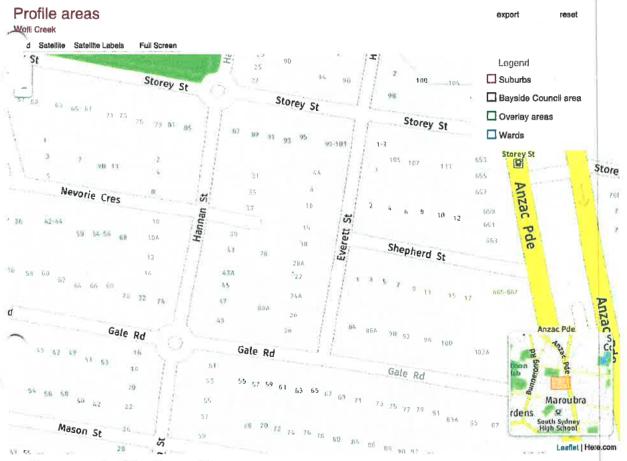
67

ha (1 Km²)

Population density

102.76

persons per hectare



Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Settlement history

Settlement of the area dates from 1825 when the first land grants were made, with land used mainly for farming. Some growth took place in the post-war years, although population remained minimal until redevelopment during the early 2000s. Rapid population growth occurred between 2001 and 2011 as large numbers of new dwellings were added to the area, with several mixed use projects transforming industrial land use to predominantly residential and commercial land use. This development was aided by the opening of the Wolli Creek railway station as part of the Airport railway line in 2000. Population increase is expected to continue, largely due to several planned major redevelopments.

Land use

Wolli Creek is an industrial, residential and commercial area which is undergoing significant redevelopment.

Major features

Major features of the area include Cahill Park, historic Tempe House and the Wolli Creek railway station.